DATA SHEET

T 3135 EN

Samson

Type 2488/... and Type 2489/... Pressure-independent Control Valve

Combined Regulators



Application

Pressure-independent control valve (PICV), e.g. for flow rate and temperature control in district heating systems or extended heating or cooling networks. Combined with an electric actuator used to transmit the control signal of an electric control device as well as optional connection of a thermostat.

Globe valve size DN 15 to 50 \cdot Pressure rating PN 16 and 25 \cdot Flow set point ranges from 0.03 to 15 m³/h \cdot Suitable for treated water up to 150 °C and non-flammable gases up to 80 °C

Valve sizes DN 15 to 50 \cdot Pressure rating PN 16/25 Suitable for liquids up to 150 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

The Type 2488/2489 Regulators close when the flow rate rises or when the output signal issued by the electric control device increases.

These combined regulators consist of a valve, a diaphragm actuator and an adjustable orifice (with an electric actuator connected to it). A maximum flow rate can also be adjusted mechanically at the orifice.

The Type 2489 Regulator additionally has a connection to attach a thermostat.

Special features

- Low-maintenance, medium-controlled proportional regulators requiring no auxiliary energy
- Compact design
- Single-seated valve with a balanced valve plug provides high accuracy of the adjusted maximum flow rate
- Control quality independent of the network differential pressure, for example for temperature control with outdoor-temperature-compensated control equipment
- Suitable for water and other liquids, provided these do not cause the materials used to corrode.
- The additional attachment of a thermostat in Type 2489 allows emergency operation to continue controlling the temperature even if the electric control device fails.

Versions (see Fig. 2)

Valve body of red brass with screwed ends DN 15 to 50 DN 32 to 50 also available with flanged body made of spheroidal graphite iron

Type 2488 Flow Regulator

Versions with Type 5827-A Electric Actuator tested according to DIN EN 14597 are available for temperature control and safeguarding purposes.



Version **not** tested according to DIN EN 14597 are available with Type 5827-N1 and Type 5857 Actuators for valves up to DN 25. For valves in sizes DN 32 and larger, the Type 5827-N2 Actuator must be used.

Valves up to DN 25 can also be used together with a TROVIS 5757-3 or TROVIS 5757-7 Electric Actuator with Process Controller.

The TROVIS 5724-3 or TROVIS 5724-8 Actuator must be used for valves in DN 32 and larger.

Versions tested with electric actuator with process controller according to DIN EN 14597 can only be combined with a TROVIS 5725-3 or TROVIS 5725-8 Actuator for all valve sizes.

Type 2489 Flow Regulator with an additional thermostat connection

By additionally attaching a Type 2430 Thermostat, for example the temperature being controlled can be kept at a higher temperature than in normal operation in case the electric control device fails. In place of Type 2430, in this case a Type 2403 can be connected as a safety temperature monitor to safeguard the controlled temperature.

Principle of operation

The medium flows through the valve of the combined Type 2488 (2489)/... Regulator in the direction indicated by the arrow on the body. The areas released by the orifice (1.2) and the valve plug (3) determine the flow rate.

A differential pressure $\Delta p_{restriction}$ is created at the restriction (orifice) by the medium flow. This differential pressure is transmitted over the control line (11) and the hole in the valve plug to the operating diaphragm (6.1) where it is converted into a positioning force. The diaphragm actuator controls the $\Delta p_{restric$ $tion}$ at the restriction (orifice) as well as the flow rate determined by the restriction setting by ensuring that the forces between the plug spring force and the actuator force remain in equilibrium. The maximum flow rate is adjusted at the set point adjuster (12), which adjusts the maximum orifice opening. If a slower flow rate is needed in the plant than the maximum flow rate adjusted, the electric actuator positions the orifice accordingly. As the differential pressure across the orifice (restriction) has to be kept constant even when the network pressure drop changes, the valve (based on the electrically operated orifice) has a valve authority of 1. As a result, the control quality of outdoor-temperature-controlled temperature control equipment is not affected by the pressure drop across the network, for example.

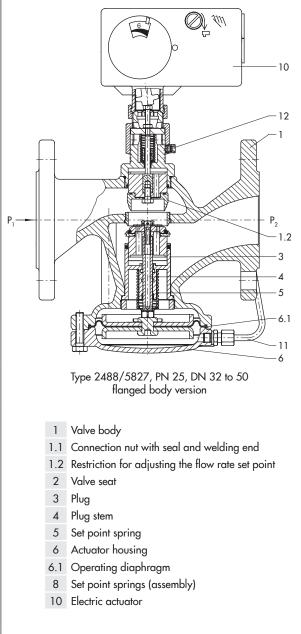
In contrast to Type 2488, Type 2489 Regulators have an additional connection for a thermostat. The temperature of the controlled medium creates a pressure in the sensor (25) which is proportional to the measured temperature. This pressure is transmitted over a capillary tube (24) to the bellows (23) of the control thermostat (20) where it is converted into a positioning force. This force acts on the valve plug over the actuator stem of the control thermostat (20) and affects the valve position and flow rate with it.

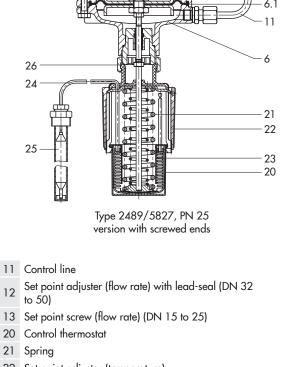
13

1.2 2

3

5





- 22 Set point adjuster (temperature)
- 23 Bellows with actuator stem
- 24 Capillary tube
- 25 Temperature sensor
- 26 Connection for thermostat (coupling nut)

Installation

- Install a SAMSON strainer (e.g. Type 1 N or 2 N) upstream of the regulator.
 DN 15 to 25: 0.5 mm mesh size
 DN 32 to 50: 0.75 mm mesh size
- The regulators in DN 32 to 50 are only suitable for installation in horizontal pipelines.
 Regulators in sizes DN 15 to 25 may also be installed in vertical pipelines.
- When installed in horizontal pipes, the electric actuator must always be located above the valve body.
- The direction of flow must match the direction indicated by the arrow on the valve body.
- Install the regulator preferably in the return flow pipe of the plant.
- Before assembling the actuator and valve: Retract the actuator stem.
- When the valve is insulated, use an intermediate insulating piece. The insulating limit is in this case approx.
 25 mm above the top of the valve body.
 Do not insulate the actuator and the coupling nut as well.
- Observe the maximum permissible ambient temperature range!

More details in ► EB 3135-1.

Sample application

Version with control thermostat

- The temperature sensor may be installed in any position.
 Its entire length must be immersed in the medium.
- It must be installed in a location where overheating or considerable idling times cannot occur.
- The capillary tube must be run in such a way that the ambient temperature range cannot be exceeded, any deviations in temperature cannot occur and that the tube cannot be damaged. The smallest permissible bending radius is 50 mm.

Differential pressure across the valve

The minimum required differential pressure Δp_{min} across the valve is calculated as follows:

 $\Delta p_{min} = \Delta p_{restriction} + (\dot{V}/K_{VS})^2$

Δp_{min}	Minimum differential pressure across the valve in bar
$\Delta \mathbf{p}_{restriction}$	Differential pressure created at the restriction for measuring the flow rate in bar
V	Flow rate, adjusted in m³/h
K _{vs}	Valve flow coefficient in m³/h

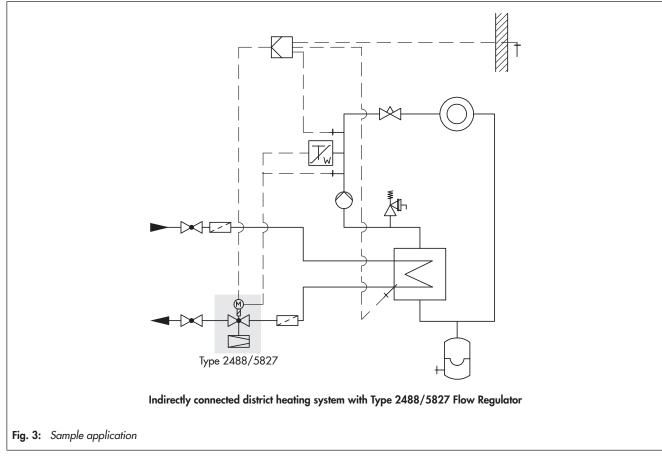


Table 1: Technical data · Valve · All pressures in bar (gauge)

Valve size DN			15/20/25		15	20	25	32 ²⁾	40 ²⁾	50 ²⁾	
K _{vs} coefficient	Body with screwed ends	0.4 1)	1.0 1)	2.5	4.0 ¹⁾	6.3	8.0	12.5	16	20	
10	Flanged body	-						12.5	20	25	
x _{F7} value	Body with screwed ends		0.6					0.5		0.45	
	Flanged body		-						0.45		
Pressure rating		PN 16 ³⁾ /PN 25							PN 25		
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp across the valve		10 bar 4)/20 bar							16 bar		
Max. permissib	le temperature	F	or liquids 130	°C (PN 10	5)/150 °C ⁷⁾ (PN 25) · For	air and non-fl	ammable g	gases 80 °C	2	
Leakage class according to IEC 60534-4 (percent of K _{vs})		≤0.05 %	≤0.01 % ≤0.05 %			≤ 0.01 %					
Conformity						CE: EAL					
Flow rate set pe	pint ranges for w	ater in m³/h									
Flow rate set point range/ limitation for water with 0.2 bar differential pressure at the restriction		0.03 to 0.2	0.12 to 0.64	0.2 to 1.2			0.8 to 3.5^{5} 0.8 to 4.2^{6}				

2) Additional version: valve with flanged body made of spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT

3) Not for Type 2489

For PN 16 version 4)

An increase in noise level can be expected when the specified flow rates are exceeded, even if cavitation does not occur (see AGFW (German District Heating Association) document FW 514). 5)

6) 5 m³/h with 0.3 bar differential pressure at the restriction (special version)

7) With intermediate insulating piece (item no. 1992-3132)

Table 2: Technical data · Electric actuators

Electric actuator		Type 5827-N/ TROVIS 5724 ¹⁾ Without fail-safe action			27-A / /5725-7 ¹⁾	TROVIS 5757/ 5757-7 ¹⁾	Туре 5857	
				With fail-s	afe action	Without fail-safe action		
		1x 2x		1x 2x		-		
Rated travel	Valve DN 15 to 25	6 mm	-	6 mm	-	6 mm		
Katea travel	Valve DN 32 to 50	-	12 mm	-	12 mm	-		
Transit time for	rated travel	35 s ²⁾	70 s ²⁾	35 s ²⁾	70 s ²⁾	20 s		
Transit time for	fail-safe action	_		4 s	8 s	-		
Thrust		700 N		_		300 N		
Nominal thrust of safety spring		-		500 N		-		
Supply voltage		230 V, 50 Hz (24 V, 50/60 Hz; 24 V DC)						
Power consumption		Approx. 3 VA		Approx. 3 VA +1 VA		Approx. 3 VA		
Handwheel		Y	es	Possible 3)		Yes		
Permissible ambient temperature		0 to +50 °C						
Perm. medium temperature			0 to +135 °	0 to +120 °C/150 °C ⁴⁾				
Degree of protection (installed upright, according to EN 60529)		IP 54				IP 42	IP 42	
Conformity		CEERI						
Data sheets		T 5724/T 5827/T 5725-7			T 5757/ T 5757-7	T 5857		

TROVIS 57xx only with 230 V/50 Hz $\,$ 1)

2) Shorter transit times on request

3) Manual override using 4 mm Allen key (after removing the cover); actuator always returns to fail-safe position after release.

4) With intermediate insulating piece (item no. 1992-3132)

Table 3: Technical data · Type 2430 Control Thermostat

Type 2430 Control Thermostat	
Set point range	Continuously adjustable: 0 to 35 °C, 25 to 70 °C, 40 to 100 °C, 50 to 120 °C, 70 to 150 °C
Ambient temperature	−20 to +80 °C
Permissible temperature at sensor	Max. 50 K above the adjusted set point
Pressure at the sensor	Max. 40 bar
Capillary tube	2 m (5 m as special version)

Table 4: Materials · Material numbers according to DIN EN

Body		Red brass CC499K (Rg 5) · Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT ¹⁾					
Seat		Stainless steel 1.4305					
Dhum	PN 25	Brass, resistant to dezincification, with EPDM soft seal ²⁾					
Plug	PN 16	Brass, resistant to dezincification and plastic with EPDM soft seal					
D'alan an	PN 25	Red brass CC499K (Rg 5) · Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT ¹⁾					
Diaphragm case	PN 16	Stainless steel 1.4301					
Valve spring		Stainless steel 1.4310					
Restriction		Brass, free of dezincification					
Operating diaphrag	gm	EPDM ²⁾ with fabric reinforcement					
Seals		EPDM ²⁾					
Туре 5827-N, Туре	5827-А, Туре	5857 and TROVIS 5757 Electric Actuators					
Body		Plastic (PPO with glass fiber reinforcement)					
Coupling nut		Brass					
Type 2430 Control	Thermostat						
Sensor and capillar	y tube	Copper					
Thermowell		Copper or stainless steel 1.4571					

¹⁾ Additional version in DN 32, 40 and 50: valve with flanged body made of spheroidal graphite iron

²⁾ Special version, e.g. for mineral oils: FKM

Table 5: Dimensions in mm and weights in kg

Valve size		DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN 32 1)	DN 40 ¹⁾	DN 50 1)		
Pipe Ø d		21.3	26.9	33.7	42.4	48.3	60.3		
Thread size R		G 3⁄4	G 1	G 1¼	G 13⁄4	G 2	G 2½		
Width across flats S	SW	30	36	46	59	65	82		
Length L		65	70	75	100	110	130		
Height H 4)			155 · 158 ⁵⁾	-		216 · 219 5)			
Height H3			122 4) –						
u.s.b.ui	Туре 2488		85		105	1.	40		
Height H1	Туре 2489		245		265	295			
Version with weldin	g ends	·							
Length L1		210	234	244	268	294	330		
Weight ³⁾ , approx.	Туре 2488	3.0	3.1	3.2	4.4	6.9	7.4		
kg	Туре 2489	3.9	4.0	4.1	5.2	7.9	8.4		
Special versions									
With threaded end	5								
Length L2		129	144	159	192	206	228		
Male thread A		G 1⁄2	G 3⁄4	G 1	G 1¼	G 1½	G 2		
Weight ³⁾ , approx.	Туре 2488	3.0	3.1	3.2	4.4	6.9	7.4		
kg	Туре 2489	3.9	4.0	4.1	5.2	7.9	8.4		
With screwed-on fl	anges ²⁾ (PN 1	6/25) or with flanç	ged body (DN 32 t	o 50)					
Length L3		130	1 <i>5</i> 0	160	180	200	230		
Weight ³⁾ , approx. kg	Туре 2488	4.4	5.1	5.7	7.6	10.9	12.4		
	Туре 2489	5.3	6.0	6.6	8.4	11.9	13.4		

1) Additional version: valve with flanged body

²⁾ Flanges are already mounted on valves in DN 40 and 50

³⁾ Type 2489/582 ..: Weights for version with bulb sensor and thermowell. Minus 0.2 kg for version with thermowell

4) With intermediate insulating piece +80 mm

⁵⁾ for Type 5827-... Actuator

Ordering text

Pressure-independent Control Valve (PICV)

Type 2488/5827-N (5827-A), Type 2488/5724 (5725),

Type 2488/5857, Type 2488/5757, Type 2489/5827-N (5827-A), Type 2489/5724 (5725)

With Type ... Valve

PN ...

Permissible temperature ...°C,

 $K_{VS} \ldots,$

With welding ends, threaded ends, flanges or flanged body

Differential pressure at the restriction ... bar,

With Type 5827-.../Type 5857/TROVIS 5724/ TROVIS 5725/TROVIS 5757/TROVIS 5757-7 Electric Actuator With Type 2430 Control Thermostat Set point range ...°C

Optionally, accessories ...

Special version ...

